

JULY 2025

REVIVING HISTORIC MINING CAMPS IN NORTH AMERICA

INVESTOR PRESENTATION

ODV NYSE TSXV | osiskodev.com



CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS



CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain statements contained in this presentation (this "Presentation") may be deemed "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation (together, "forward-looking statements"). These forward-looking statements, by their nature, require Osisko Development Corp. ("Osisko Development" or the "Company") to make certain assumptions and necessarily involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in these forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of performance. Words such as "may", "will", "would", "could", "expect", "believe", "plan", "anticipate", "intend", "estimate", "continue", or the negative or comparable terminology, as well as terms usually used in the future and the conditional, are intended to identify forward-looking statements.

Information contained in forward-looking statements is based upon certain material assumptions that were applied in drawing a conclusion or making a forecast or projection, including the assumptions, qualifications and limitations relating to an optimized feasibility study for the Cariboo Gold Project (the "2025 Cariboo FS") (including, but not limited to, the mineral resources, mineral reserves, production profile, mine design and project economics); the Company being construction and operation ready and the timing for the commencement of construction activities; the ability and timing of the Company to deliver any additional optimization opportunities; the ability and timing of the Company to reach a formal positive final investment decision in respect of the Cariboo Gold Project; the ability and timing of the Company to secure a project financing package to fund construction activities at the Cariboo Gold Project and the terms of such financing; the ability and timing of the Company to commence and complete detailed engineering / procurement, underground development, construction and ramp-up and first gold pour; the impact and potential of the Cariboo Gold Project on shareholders, Indigenous nations and other stakeholders; the ability to successfully engage and collaborate with stakeholders, including reaching agreements with the Xatśūll First Nation; any meaningful re-rate potential through project financing, construction and production phrases (if at all); Cariboo Gold Project being a scalable project; Cariboo being well-positioned among the top underground gold asset in Canada with strong upside potential in the long run; Cariboo being well-situated relative to other Canadian underground operations in total cash costs and all-sustaining costs; sustainability and environmental impacts of operations at the Company's properties; progress in respect of pre-construction activities at Cariboo including bulk sample and underground development work; mineral resource category conversion; the timing and status of any additional required permits or amendments thereto, or other regulatory approval requirements; the future development and operations at the Cariboo Gold Project; the results of ongoing stakeholder engagement; the capital resources available to the Company; the ability of the Company to execute its planned activities, including as a result of its ability to seek additional funding; management's perceptions of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments; the ability and timing for Cariboo Gold Project to reach commercial production (if at all); the expected cash flow (and underlying assumptions) in respect of the Cariboo Gold Project; the significance of the high-priority target drilling; the utility of modern exploration techniques; the potential for parallel high-grade gold fissure zones at Trixie; the potential of Tintic to host a copper-gold porphyry center; the potential for unknown mineralized structures to extend existing zones of mineralization; the utility and significance of historic data, including the significance of the district hosting past producing mines; future mining activities; the potential of high grade gold mineralization on Trixie and Cariboo; the ability to generate additional drill targets; the ability of management to understand the geology and potential of the Company's properties; continuation of test mining activities at Trixie (if at all); the ongoing advancement of the deposits on the Company's properties; the deposit remaining open for expansion at depth and down plunge; the ability to realize upon any mineralization in a manner that is economic; the ability and timing for the permitting at San Antonio; the impact of permitting delays at San Antonio; the outcome of the strategic review of the San Antonio Project; sustainability and environmental impacts of operations at the Company's properties; the results (if any) of further exploration work to define and expand mineral resources; the ability of exploration work (including drilling) to accurately predict mineralization; the ability of the Company to expand mineral resources beyond current mineral resource estimates and to convert some or all of these mineral resources to mineral reserves; the ability for the Company to expand throughput or increase production at the Cariboo Gold Project; the ability of the Company to discover additional deposits within the Cariboo Gold Project area; the ability of the Company to complete its exploration and development objectives for its projects in the timing contemplated and within expected costs (if at all); the ability to derisk the Cariboo Gold Project towards final investment decision; the ability to adapt to changes in gold prices, estimates of costs, estimates of planned exploration and development expenditures; the ability of the Company to obtain further capital on reasonable terms; the profitability (if at all) of the Company's operations; the availability of additional optimization opportunities at the Cariboo Gold Project and the impact thereof on project economics; as well as other considerations that are believed to be appropriate in the circumstances, and any other information herein that is not a historical fact may be "forward looking information".

Material assumptions also include, assumptions and qualifications underlying the 2025 Cariboo FS, management's perceptions of historical trends, management's understanding of the permitting process and status thereof, the ability of exploration (including drilling and chip sampling assays, and face sampling) to accurately predict mineralization; budget constraints and access to capital on terms acceptable to the Company, current conditions and expected future developments, regulatory framework remaining defined and understood, results of further exploration work to define or expand any mineral resources, gold prices, the costs required to advance the Cariboo Gold Project to construction, the results of the 2025 Cariboo FS as an indicator of quality and robustness of the Cariboo Gold Project, as well as other considerations that are believed to be appropriate in the circumstances. Osisko Development considers its assumptions to be reasonable based on information currently available, but cautions the reader that their assumptions regarding future events, many of which are beyond the control of Osisko Development, may ultimately prove to be incorrect since they are subject to risks and uncertainties that affect Osisko Development and its business. Such risks and uncertainties include, among others, risks relating to third-party approvals, including the issuance of permits by the

government, capital market conditions and the Company's ability to access capital on terms acceptable to the Company for the contemplated exploration and development at the Company's properties; the ability to continue current operations and exploration; regulatory framework and presence of laws and regulations that may impose restrictions on mining; the ability of exploration activities (including drill results and chip sampling, and face sampling results) to accurately predict mineralization; errors in management's geological modelling; the timing and ability of the Company to obtain and maintain required approvals and permits; the results of exploration activities; risks relating to exploration, development and mining activities; the global economic climate; metal and commodity prices; fluctuations in the currency markets; dilution; environmental risks; and community, non-governmental and governmental actions and the impact of stakeholder actions. Readers are urged to consult the disclosure provided under the heading "Risk Factors" in the Company's annual information form for the year ended December 31. 2024 as well as the financial statements and MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2024 and March 31, 2025, which have been filed on SEDAR+ (www.sedarplus.ca) under Osisko Development's issuer profile and on the SEC's EDGAR website (www.sec.gov), for further information regarding the risks and other factors facing the Company, its business and operations. Although the Company's believes the expectations conveyed by the forward-looking statements are reasonable based on information available as of the date hereof, no assurances can be given as to future results, levels of activity and achievements. The Company disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or results or otherwise, except as required by law. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of performance and there can be no assurance that these forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

Unless otherwise noted, this Presentation has been prepared based on information available as of July 2, 2025. All currency references are to Canadian dollars, unless specified otherwise.

NON-IFRS MEASURES

Osisko Development used in this Presentation, certain non-IFRS measures including, "all-in sustaining cost" or "AISC" and "total cash cost" and "free cash flow". All-in sustaining cost per gold ounce is defined as production costs less silver sales plus general and administrative exploration, other expenses and sustaining capital expenditures divided by gold ounces. Cash costs are a non-IFRS measure reported by ODV on an ounces of gold sold basis. Cash costs include mining, processing, refining, general and administration costs and royalties but excludes depreciation, reclamation, income taxes, capital and exploration costs for the life of the mine. Free cash flow is calculated as cash flow from mine-site operating activities less capital expenditures. The Company believes that such measures provide investors with an alternative view to evaluate the performance of the Company. Non-IFRS measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed under International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Therefore, they may not be comparable to similar measures employed by other companies. The data is intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS.

CAUTIONARY NOTE TO U.S. INVESTORS

The Company is subject to the reporting requirements of the applicable Canadian securities laws and, as a result, reports information regarding mineral properties, mineralization and estimates of mineral reserves and mineral resources, including the information in its technical reports, financial statements, MD&A and this Presentation, in accordance with Canadian reporting requirements, which are governed by NI 43-101. As such, such information concerning mineral properties, mineralization and estimates of mineral reserves and mineral resources, including the information in its technical reports, financial statements, MD&A and this Presentation, is not comparable to similar information made public by U.S. companies subject to the reporting and disclosure requirements of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS



CAUTION REGARDING MINERAL RESOURCE ESTIMATES

This Presentation uses the terms measured, indicated and inferred mineral resources as a relative measure of the level of confidence in the mineral resource estimate. Readers are cautioned that mineral resources are not mineral reserves and that the economic viability of resources that are not mineral reserves has not been demonstrated. The mineral resource estimate disclosed in this Presentation may be materially affected by geology, environmental, permitting, legal, title, socio-political, marketing or other relevant issues. Mineral Resources are reported using the 2014 CIM Definition Standards and were estimated in accordance with the CIM 2019 Best Practices Guidelines, as required by NI 43-101. Under NI 43-101, estimates of inferred mineral resources may not form the basis of feasibility or pre-feasibility studies or economic studies except for preliminary economic assessments. Readers are cautioned not to assume that further work on the stated mineral resources will lead to mineral reserves that can be mined economically.

CAUTION REGARDING TEST MINING WITHOUT FEASIBILITY STUDY

The Company cautions that its prior decision to commence small-scale underground mining activities and batch vat leaching at the Trixie test mine was made without the benefit of a feasibility study, or reported mineral resources or mineral reserves, demonstrating economic and technical viability, and, as a result there may be increased uncertainty of achieving any particular level of recovery of material or the cost of such recovery. The Company cautions that historically, such projects have a much higher risk of economic and technical failure. Small scale test-mining at Trixie was suspended in December 2022, resumed in the second quarter of 2023, and suspended once again in December 2021, and when small-scale test-mining recommences at Trixie, there is no guarantee that production will continue as anticipated or at all or that anticipated production costs will be achieved. The failure to continue production may have a material adverse impact on the Company's ability to generate revenue and cash flow to fund operations. Failure to achieve the anticipated production costs may have a material adverse impact on the Company's cash flow and potential profitability. In continuing operations at Trixie after closing, the Company has not based its decision to continue such operations on a feasibility study, or reported mineral resources or mineral reserves demonstrating economic and technical viability.

BURGIN HISTORIC RESOURCE

The past producing Burgin mine, previously operated by Kennecott until 1978, has potential for a significant silver-lead-zinc-gold deposit. The historic resource as outlined in the technical report entitled "Technical Report on the Burgin Extension Deposit – Preliminary Economic Assessment, Burgin Project, East Tintic Mining District, Utah County, Utah, USA" dated December 2, 2011 (effective date November 17, 2011) which was prepared for Andover Ventures Inc. and Chief Consolidated Mining Co. by Paul G. Tietz, C.P.G., Neil Prenn, PE, Jeffery Wood, PE and Thomas Gast which had been prepared in compliance with NI 43-101 at the time it was published (the "2011 PEA"). The Burgin historical estimates are qualified entirely by the assumptions, qualifications and parameters outlined in the full text of the 2011 PEA, a copy of which is accessible on SEDAR+ under Andover Mining Corp.'s issuer profile. Osisko Development believes that the historic resource continues to be relevant and reliable as an indication of the potential of the Burgin Mine. Further exploration work including drilling will be required to upgrade the historic resource to current. Osisko Development cautions sufficient work has not been done to classify the historic resources as a current resource.

SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Scientific and technical information relating to the Cariboo Gold Project and the 2025 feasibility study ("2025 Cariboo FS") is supported by the technical report titled "NI 43-101 Technical Report, Feasibility Study for the Cariboo Gold Project, District of Wells, British Columbia, Canada" and dated June 11, 2025 (with an effective date of April 25, 2025) (the "Cariboo Technical Report"). The Cariboo Technical Report supersedes the technical report titled "NI 43-101 Technical Report, Feasibility Study for the Cariboo Gold Project, District of Wells, British Columbia" (as amended) dated January 12, 2023 (with an effective date of December 30, 2022), which should no longer be replied upon.

Scientific and technical information relating to the Tintic Project and the updated mineral resource estimate for the Trixie deposit (the "2024 Trixie MRE"), and the assumptions, qualifications and limitations thereof, is supported by the technical report titled "NI 43-101 Technical Report, Mineral Resource Estimate for the Trixie Deposit, Tintic Project, Utah, United States of America" and dated April 25, 2024 (with an effective date of March 14, 2024), prepared for the Company by independent representatives of Micon International Limited, being William Lewis, P. Geo, and Alan J. San Martin, MAusIMM(CP) (the "Tintic Technical Report"). The 2024 Trixie MRE supersedes the technical report titled "NI 43-101 Technical Report, Initial Mineral Resource Estimate for the Trixie Deposit, Tintic Project, Utah, United States of America" dated January 27, 2023 (with an effective date of January 10, 2023) (the "2023 Trixie MRE").

The scientific and technical information relating to the San Antonio Project is supported by the technical report entitled "NI 43-101 Technical Report for the 2022 Mineral Resource Estimate on the San Antonio Project, Sonora, Mexico" and dated July 12, 2022 (with an effective date of June 24, 2022) prepared for Osisko Development by Micon International Limited (the "San Antonio Technical Report", and collectively, with the Tintic Technical Report, Cariboo Technical Report, the "Technical Reports").

For readers to fully understand the information in the Technical Reports, reference should be made to the full text of the Technical Reports in their entirety, including all assumptions, parameters, qualifications, limitations and methods therein. The Technical Reports are intended to be read as a whole, and sections should not be read or relied upon out of context. The Technical Reports were prepared in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 – Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101") and is available electronically on SEDAR+ (www.secagov) under Osisko Development's issuer profile and on the Company's website at

www.osiskodev.com.

QUALIFIED PERSONS

Victor Gauthier, P.Eng., Manager – Technical Services and Eryn Doyle, P.Geo., Senior Exploration Manager each of Osisko Development Corp., are considered a "qualified person" within the meaning of NI 43-101 and have reviewed and approved the scientific and technical information contained herein.

ABBREVIATIONS AND UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

In this Presentation, the Company uses certain abbreviations, including: measured and indicated ("M&I"), million ("M"), thousand ("k"), metric tonnes ("t"), troy ounces ("oz"), grams per tonne ("g/t"), gold ("Au"), silver ("Ag"), copper ("Cu"), lead ("Pb"), zinc ("Zn"), net present value ("NPV"); NPV at a 5% discount rate ("NPV5%"); internal rate of return ("IRR"); measured and indicated ("M&I"); million ("m"); thousand ("k"); metric tonne ("t"); troy ounce ("oz"); grams per tonne ("g/t"); gold ("Au"); silver ("Ag"); life of mine ("LOM"); tonnes per day ("tpd"); free cash flow ("FCF"); years ("yrs"); per annum ("pa"); average ("avg."); life-of-mine ("LOM"); versus ("vs.").

INVESTMENT HIGHLIGHTS

Building Toward Becoming a Premier North American Mid-tier Gold Mining Company





ADVANCING SHOVEL READY CARIBOO GOLD PROJECT IN CANADA

Limited universe of permitted development stage gold assets of scale in Tier 1 jurisdictions¹



FOCUS ON SCALABLE ASSETS WITH DISTRICT SCALE POTENTIAL

Multi-million-ounce deposit at Cariboo; Developing the historic Tintic Project in Utah, USA — advancing Trixie high-grade gold discovery and prospective Cu-Au-Mo porphyry, epithermal and CRD targets



EXPERIENCED TEAM LED BY CEO SEAN ROOSEN

Led the successful discovery, development, and operation of the Canadian Malartic gold mine—consistently ranked among the largest operating gold mines globally



RESPONSIBLE STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Focused on fostering and developing long-term partnerships and positive stakeholder relations including with principal First Nations partners and host communities

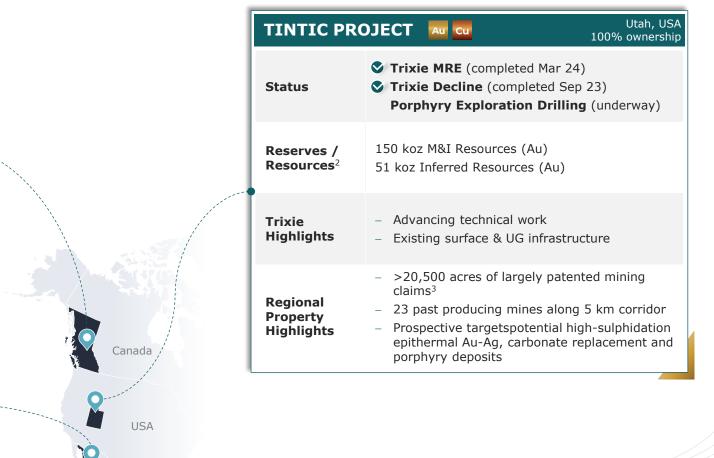
MINING FRIENDLY JURISDICTIONS



Brownfield properties with existing accessible infrastructure and meaningful exploration upside

CARIBOO GOLD PROJECT AU BC, Canada 100% ownership					
Status	 EA Certificate (granted Oct 23) Permits (granted Q4 24) Optimized FS (Q2 25) PF Financing (H2 25) Bulk Sample (Q3 25) 				
Reserves / Resources ¹	2.07 Moz Reserves (Au) 1.61 Moz M&I Resources (Au) 1.86 Moz Inferred Resources (Au)				
Property Highlights	 >1,900 km² property (83 km str Excellent infrastructure, support Indigenous nations and BC gove 	of principal			

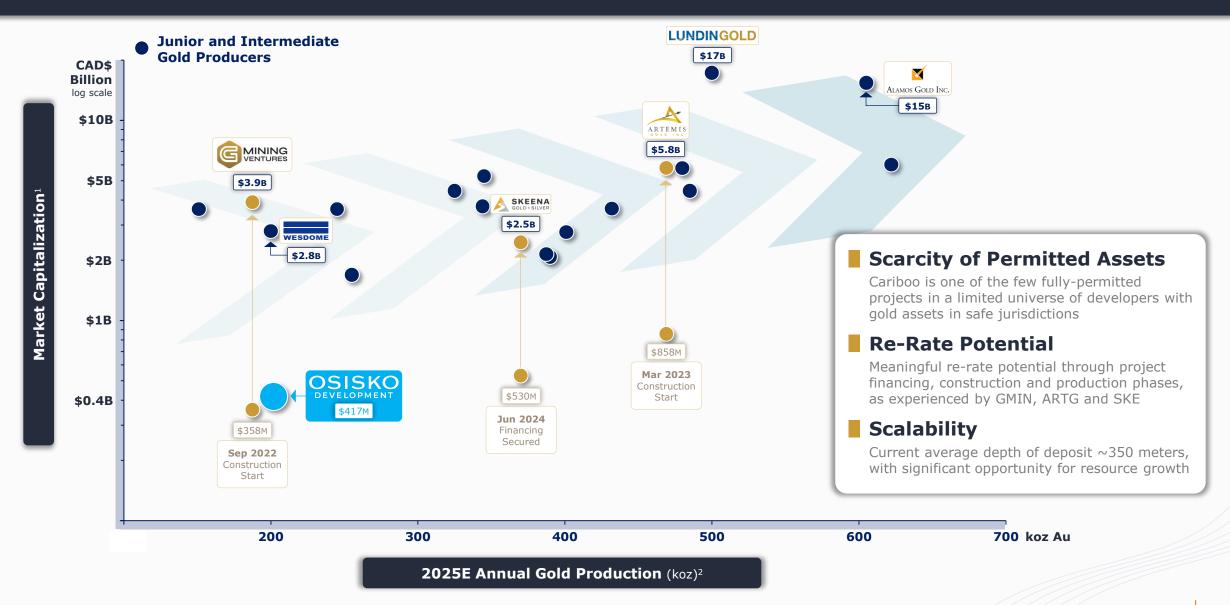
SAN ANTONIO PROJECT Sonora, Mexic 100% ownersh				
Status	Stockpile processing (complete Q3 23) Advancing permitting			
Reserves / Resources ⁵	576 koz Indicated Resources (Au 544 koz Inferred Resources (Au))		
Property Highlights	5 known deposits with numerous exploration targets over 11,338 h			



^{1.} Refer to the 2025 Cariboo FS for the assumptions, qualifications and limitations relating to disclosure about the 2025 Feasibility Study on the Cariboo Gold Project. Mineral reserves include probable reserves 2.071 Moz Au (17.815 Mt grading 3.62 g/t Au), Mineral for the assumptions, qualifications and limitations relating to disclosure on the 2024 Trixie MRE. MSI resources consist of: (1) measured mineral resources (120 kt grading 3.09 g/t Au). MSI resources (120 kt grading 1.1.7 g/t Au and 51.73 g/t Aq) and 61.73 g/t Aq). Inferred resources (125 kt grading 11.1.7 g/t Au and 59.89 g/t Aq). Inferred mineral resources consist of: (1) measured mineral resources (120 kt grading 7.80 g/t Aq). Au and 48.55 g/t Aq. 3. 1,370 claims totaling 7,601 ha (18,783 acres) of patented mining claims (22 of which are leased patented claims) and a further 110 mining claims of approximately 731 ha (1,807 acres). 4. Refer to the full text of San Antonio Technical Report for the assumptions, qualifications and limitations relating to the San Antonio Gold Project, and the San Antonio Technical Report for the assumptions, qualifications and Inferred resources 50.25 g/t Au).

EXECUTING ON VISION & STRATEGY



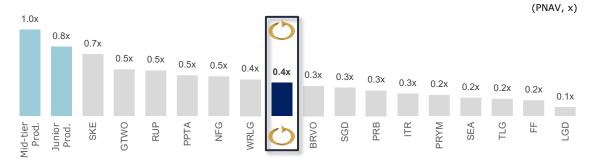


CAPITAL STRUCTURE SNAPSHOT

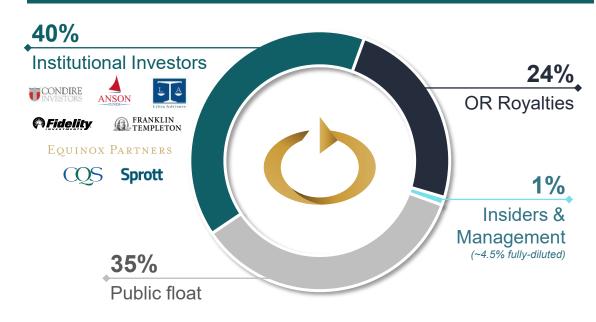


Osisko Development Corp. 1,2 C\$3.05 /share **Current Share Price** (closing price on July 2, 2025) **Basic Shares Outstanding** 136.7 million Options, DSUs, and RSUs 8.6 million Warrants³ 78.1 million **Fully Diluted Shares Outstanding** 223.3 million **Market Capitalization - Basic** C\$416.8 million Cash & Cash Equivalents C\$77.6 million Investment Holdings (marketable securities)4 C\$21.6 million Total Debt⁵ C\$46.4 million

Enterprise Value - Basic C\$364.0 million Relative Valuation: Price / NAV



Shareholder Ownership



Analyst Coverage

















CARIBOO GOLD PROJECT

British Columbia, Canada 100% Ownership





CARIBOO GOLD PROJECT: ASSET SNAPSHOT



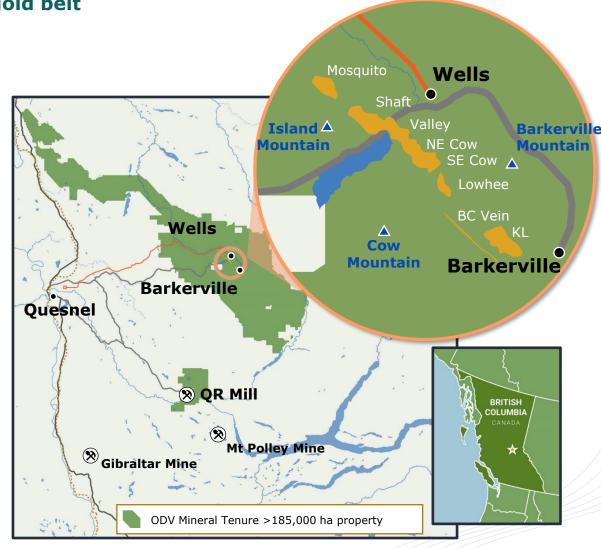
Developing a mining camp in the under-explored Cariboo gold belt

OWNERSHIP	LOCATION / LAND PACKAGE	MINE TYPE	METALS	STAGE	
100% ODV	BC, Canada >185,000 ha	Underground	Gold	Permits (Nov-24) FS (Apr-25)	V

- ▶ Two prospective mineralized trends over 83 km strike (>185,000 ha property) with 700 km drilled since 2016
- ▶ Completed a Feasibility Study envisioning a single-phase build and a 10-year mine life. Base case after-tax NPV5% of \$943 mm, and IRR of 22.1%, with production of up to 223 koz/yr and US\$1,157/oz AISC
- ▶ **Brownfield site, year-round access**, infrastructure and work force, and strong support from the BC government and Indigenous nations
- ▶ Upcoming catalysts: EA Certificate ♥; Permits ♥; Optimized FS ♥; Bulk Sample (Q3 25)

Reserves & Resources¹

Classification	Tonnes (000's)	Gold Grade (g/t)	Contained Gold (000's oz)
Probable reserves	17,815	3.62	2,071
Measured resources	47	5.06	8
Indicated resources	17,332	2.88	1,604
Measured & indicated	17,380	2.88	1,612
Inferred resources	18,774	3.09	1,864



2025 OPTIMIZED FEASIBILITY STUDY HIGHLIGHTS



All \$ figures in CAD, unless otherwise noted (USDCAD 1.35 base case)

190 KOZ / YEAR LOM AVG

202 koz/yr in the first 5 years

10 YEAR MINE LIFE

Based on current reserves only

H2 2027 FIRST GOLD

2028 first full year of production

US\$1,157/OZ AISC*

US\$947/oz total cash cost*

\$881_M INITIAL CAPEX

~US\$652м initial capex1

1.89 MOZ RECOVERED

92.6% total recovery rate LOM

BASE \$2,400/oz | SPOT \$3,300/oz

\$0.94_B | \$2.07_B

After-tax NPV5%2

BASE \$2,400/oz | SPOT \$3,300/oz

22.1% | 38.0%

After-tax IRR²

M&I Resources | Inferred³

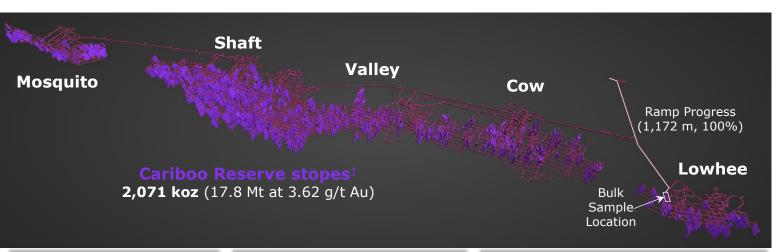
1.61 MOZ | 1.86 MOZ

Significant conversion potential

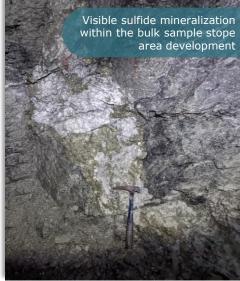
BULK SAMPLE AND UNDERGROUND DEVELOPMENT PROGRESS



Underground development 100% complete to access target area; results expected in Q3 2025









- Objective of the bulk sample is to advance underground development into the ore body and extract up to 10,000 tonnes of mineralized material for mining, ore sorting and processing testing
- > ~1,172 meters of development successfully completed (100%) to access target area
 - Deployed a combination of continuous mining using a fullyelectric Sandvik roadheader and traditional drilling and blasting
- Anticipated completion of the program and release of results in Q3 2025

LOWHEE UNDERGROUND 2025



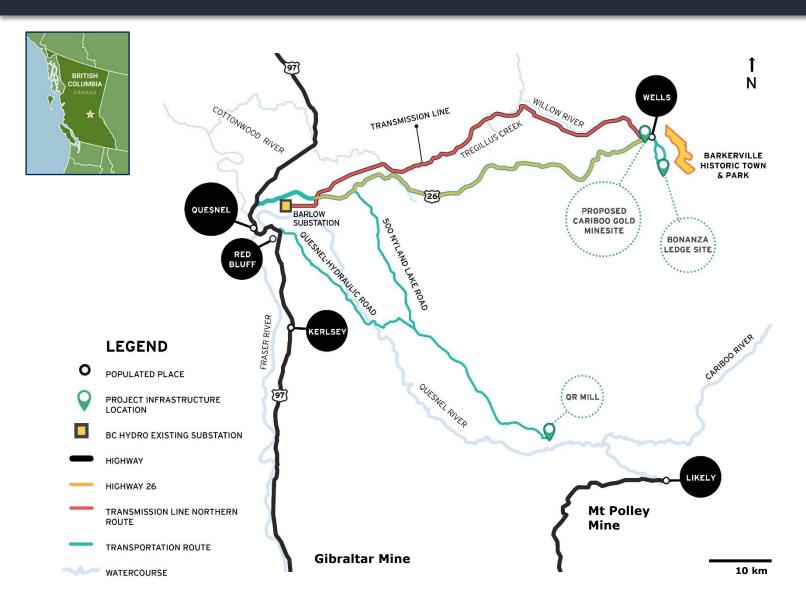






PROJECT LOCATION & REGIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE





Insights

- ▶ Large land package: total mineral tenure >185,000 hectares
- Brownfield site with year-round access, infrastructure and work force
- ▶ Grid power: allocated 22 MW from BC Hydro power at 6.7¢ per kWh — 69kV 70km transmission line to be constructed
- Accessible year round via Highway 26 and located near major towns with access to skilled labour
- Significant infrastructure already in place with fully permitted and functional QR mill, equipment (roadheader, ore sorter, water treatment plant), lodging facilities

CARIBOO PROJECT PERMITTING: SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED



BC *Mines Act* permits granted on Nov 20, 2024 — main permits for project construction & operation



^{*}Environmental Assessment Office (EAO)

^{1.} The Environmental Management Act permits pertain to any Project-related discharge activities to the environment, including water and air, and the framework and limitations thereof, within the areas outside of the immediate mine site boundaries. These primarily relate to activities during project operations.

OUTLOOK AND INDICATIVE TIMELINE



	9 months	12 months	12 months
Project Financing / Final Investment Decision (FID)			
Detailed Engineering / Procurement			
Underground Development			
Construction			
Ramp up & First Gold			

2025 FEASIBILITY PRODUCTION PROFILEProduction profile based on current 2.07 Moz of Probable Reserves¹ only

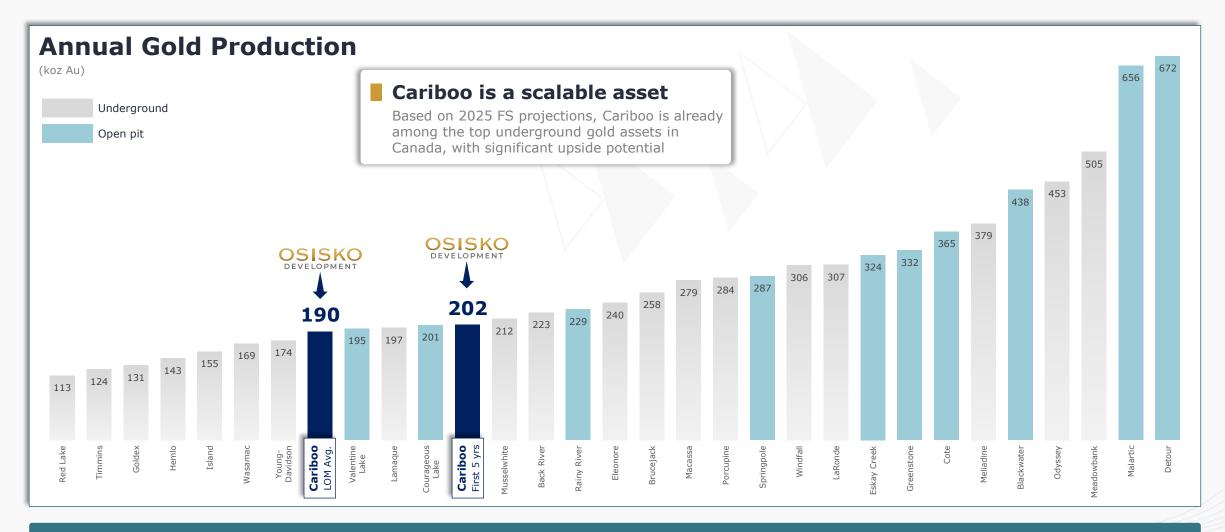




TOP CANADIAN GOLD MINES/PROJECTS

Creek, Blackwater, Rainy River, Windfall, Valentine Lake, Odyssey.



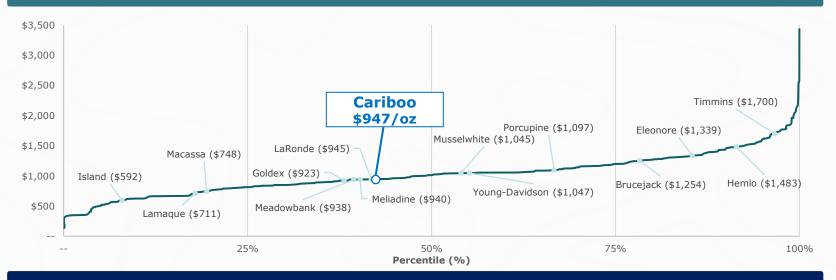


Cariboo is well positioned among top Canadian underground gold mines/projects with strong upside potential in the long run

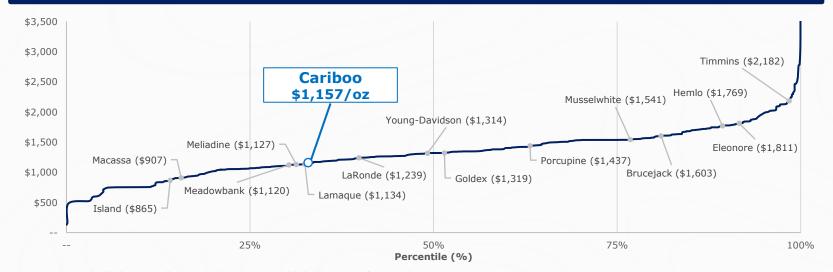
GLOBAL GOLD COST CURVE POSITIONING

OSISKO DEVELOPMENT

2024 Global Total Cash Cost Curve (US\$/oz)



2024 Global All-in Sustaining Cost Curve (US\$/oz)



Cariboo is positioned in the lower half of the global cost curve for gold mines on TCC and AISC

relative to notable Canadian underground operations

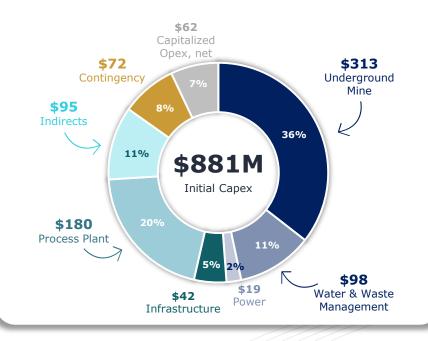
CAPITAL COST BREAKDOWN



Capital costs (\$ million)	Initial	Sustaining	Total LOM
Underground mine	313	397	710
Water & waste management	98	24	123
Power & electrical	19	_	19
Surface infrastructure	42	1	43
Process plant (MSC)	180	_	180
Construction indirects	95	_	95
Contingency (16.5%)	72	4	76
Capital Costs	819	426	1,246
Pre-production opex	212	_	212
Pre-production revenue	(150)	_	(150)
Closure, net	_	99	99
Total Capital Cost	881	525	1,406

Insights

- ➤ ~US\$652 million upfront capex¹
- Process plant and related infrastructure designed to accommodate potential future throughput expansions
- ▶ UG development incorporate contingencies via advance and mining rates



ROBUST PROJECT ECONOMICS



after-tax, C\$	Base Case US\$2,400 Gold 1.35 FX	Spot Case US\$3,300 Gold 1.40 FX
Net Present Value (NPV5%)	\$943 mm	\$2,066 mm
Internal Rate of Return (IRR)	22.1%	38.0%
Payback, from first production	2.8 yrs	1.6 yrs
Avg. Annual FCF* (LOM)	\$158 mm/yr	\$314 mm/yr
Avg. Annual FCF* (first 5 years)	\$296 mm/yr	\$457 mm/yr

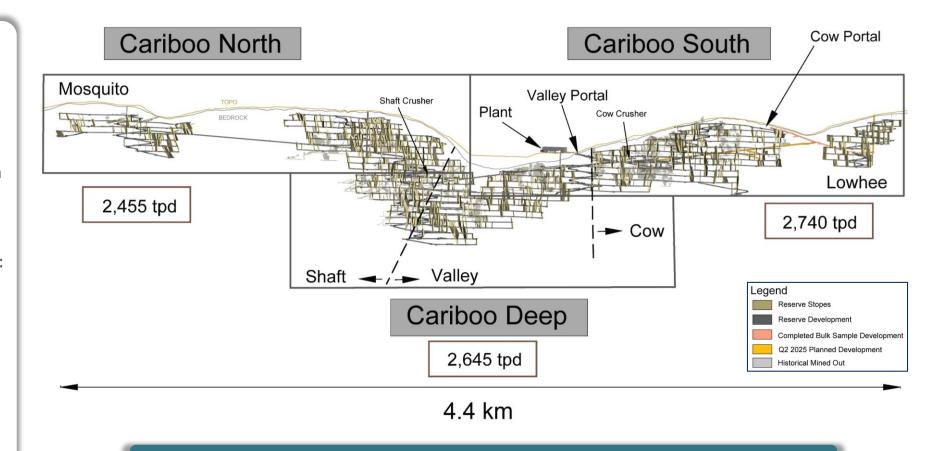


MINE DESIGN SUMMARY



Insights

- Access via two ramps from Cow and Valley Portals
- ➤ >1.2 km of access into Lowhee zone already completed as part of ongoing bulk sample program
- ▶ Maximum vertical depth ~650 meters
- Mining split into 3 distinct areas: Cariboo North, South, and Deep
- ▶ Bulk tonnage long-hole mining
- Stope design: min width 3.7 m x 30 m height x length 15-25 m
- → +60% in average stope size vs. 2023 FS to ~5,600 t
- ▶ 24-month development, ramp up to 4,900 tpd over 10 months



Each zone is expected to operate independently and provide aggregate ore feed of 4,900 tpd

PROPOSED CONCEPTUAL MINE SITE LAYOUT





Insights

- ► Single processing facility at the Mine Site Complex
- Primary & secondary crushing underground and conveyed to the surface ore sorter
- Gravity and flotation processing circuits produce two gold concentrates
- Comminution circuit already purchased
- Process plant and related infrastructure designed to accommodate potential future throughput expansions

NATURE OF MINERALIZATION FAVORABLE TO ORE SORTING



Metallurgical testing to date indicates that Cariboo mineralization is well suited for ore sorting

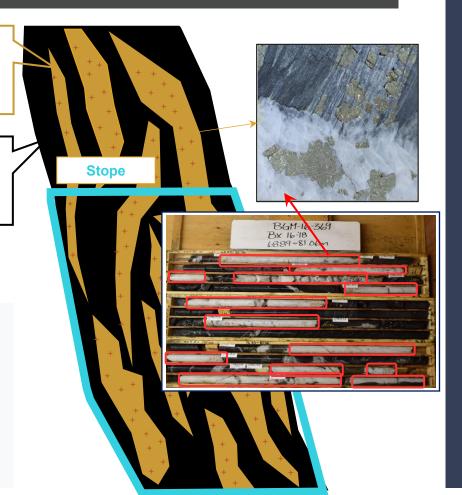
Ore Sorting Separates Gold Rich (11.0 g/t^1) Host Rock from Unmineralized Sandstone

Pyrite hosted in quartz veins High Density Material (~5 g/cm³)

Sandstone

Low Density Material (~2.5 g/cm³)
Unmineralized Waste

- Stopes designed to follow vein corridors
- Gold uniquely pyrite hosted within a high-density network of mineralized quartz veins
- Ore sorting effective at separating sandstone (waste) from the high-density gold-associated pyrite



481 VEIN CORRIDORS

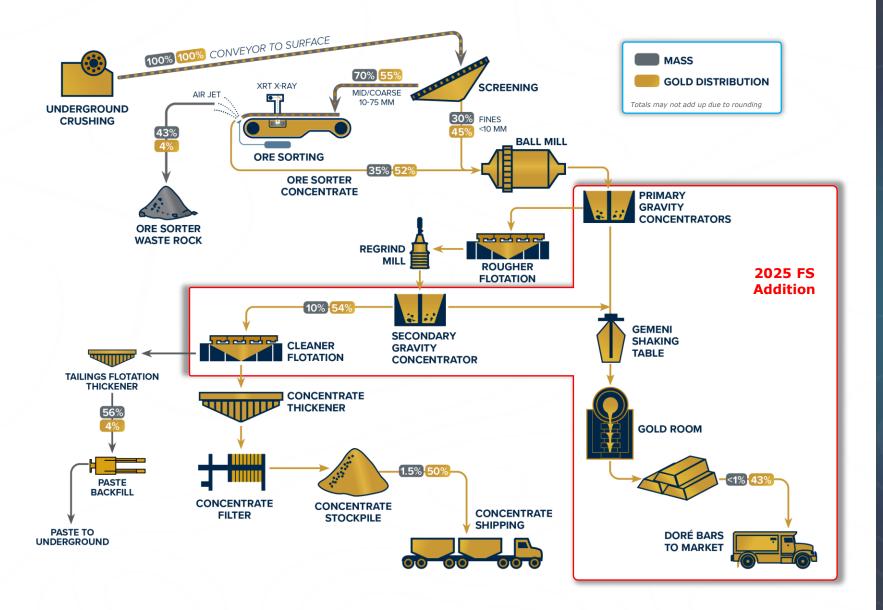
2 M MINIMUM WIDTH OF VEIN CORRIDORS

6.7 KM MODELLED STRIKE LENGTH

700 M WIDTH TO A DEPTH OF 600 M AND OPEN

~11 G/T AVG
ESTIMATED UNCAPPED
LENGTH WEIGHTED GRADE OF
QUARTZ VEINS IN VEIN
CORRIDORS¹

PROCESSING FLOWSHEET





Gravity circuit to recover 46% of gold

Crush/screen →
Sort → Grind →
Gravity /
Flotation →
Dore (gravity) &
Flotation
Concentrate

LOM recovery 92.6%

KEY PROCESSING ELEMENTS



Insights

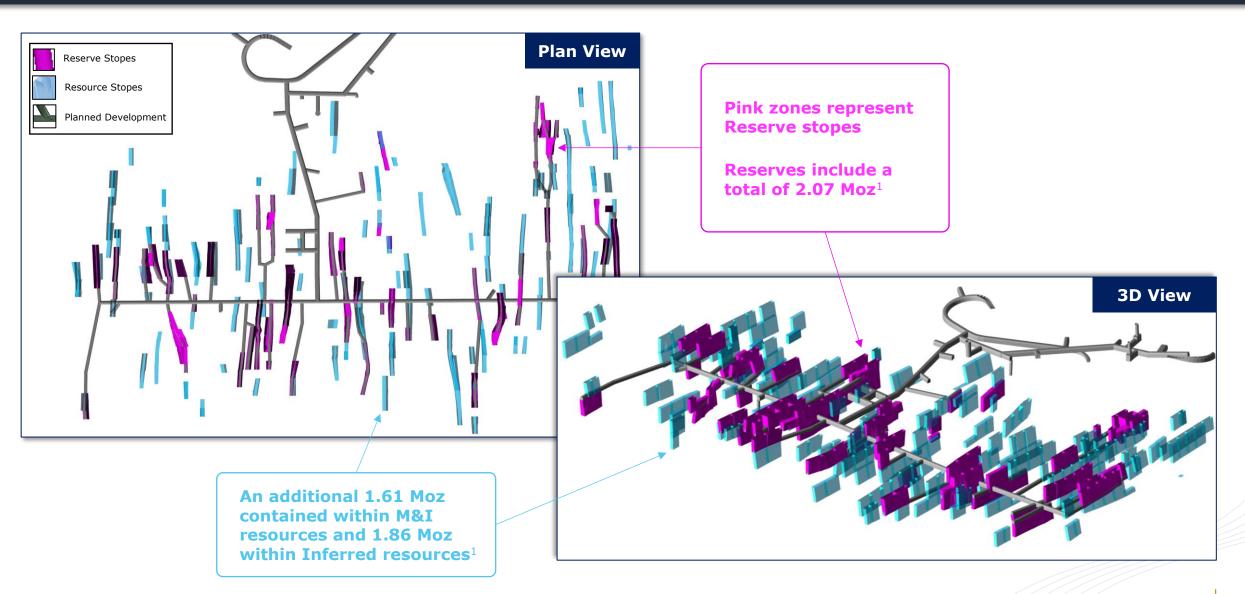
- Crushed material is screened, with fines bypassing the tertiary crusher and reporting directly to the mill feed bin
- ▶ Coarser material is screened into two suitable feed streams for sorting
- ▶ Addition of gravity circuit is expected to recover ~46% of gold in doré
- ▶ 80% reduction in number of concentrate trucks on local roads
- ▶ 97.75% concentrate payability factor

Process	Overview		
1) Crushing & Screening	 Underground primary & secondary jaw crushers Screen at surface to separate size fractions for sorting 		
2) Ore Sorting	 2 ore sorters: 1 for the midsize ~10-35mm, and 1 for coarse ~35-75mm. Fines bypass to the mill feed Sorter reject material is disposed of as waste rock 		
3) Grinding	 Tertiary crusher for sorted product Single stage ball mill Regrinding suing vertical mill 		
4) Gold Recovery	 Froth flotation for primary gold recovery Rougher flotation at ~190µm and cleaner flotation at 20-24µm Both grinding and regrinding feature centrifugal gravity units in the grinding circuits 		
4) Tailings	All milled tailings disposed of as paste backfill		

CARIBOO RESOURCE CONVERSION POTENTIAL

Plan & Isometric View - North Shaft Zone

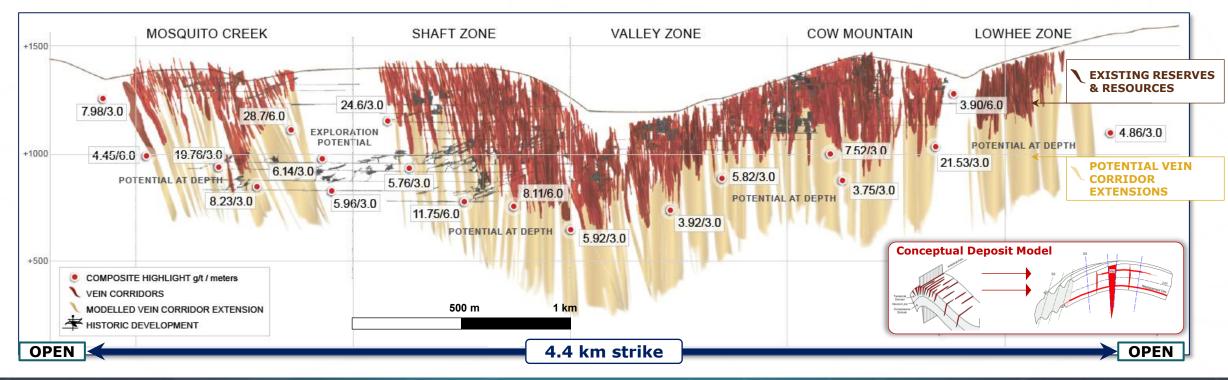




CARIBOO EXPLORATION POTENTIAL AT DEPTH



LONG SECTION: LOOKING NORTHEAST



- ▶ 2.07 Moz Au at 3.62 g/t Au in Probable Reserves¹
- ▶ 1.61 Moz Au at 2.88 g/t Au M&I resources, 1.86 Moz at 3.09 g/t Au Inferred Resources with conversion potential¹
- ▶ Average deposit depth is ~350 m

- >500 m additional depth potential of known vein corridors adjacent to mine plan untested
- ▶ Mineralized veins intersected at depth to ~900 m and still open

A POTENTIAL GENERATIONAL DISTRICT



Long Section of Selected Canadian Operating Underground Mines vs. Cariboo Gold **AGNICO EAGLE OSISKO DEVELOPMENT ALAMOS GOLD AGNICO EAGLE** Cariboo Deposit1 Young-Davidson² Goldex^{3,4} LaRonde Zone 53,5 Head Grade (Au) 3.62 g/t 2.08 g/t 1.55 g/t 3.62 g/t **Gold Production** 190 koz 174 koz 131 koz 307 koz AISC (US\$/oz) \$1,157 / oz \$1,314 / oz ~\$1,319 / oz ~\$1,239 / oz Reserves 2.07 Moz 3.03 Moz 0.79 Moz 0.66 Moz Resources (M&I | Inf) 1.61 | 1.86 Moz 1.19 | 0.20 Moz 1.69 | 0.89 Moz 0.82 | 1.24 Moz 4.4 km strike **1.5km** 1,000 m STRONG POTENTIAL AT DEPTH 0.8km 1,000 m ~8,000 tpd ~3,300 tpd ~8,000 tpd 2,000 m

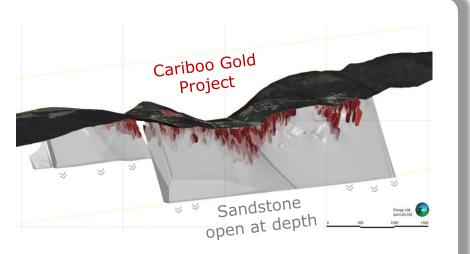
Cariboo's deposit has only been drilled to an average depth of ~350 m and remains open along strike and at depth

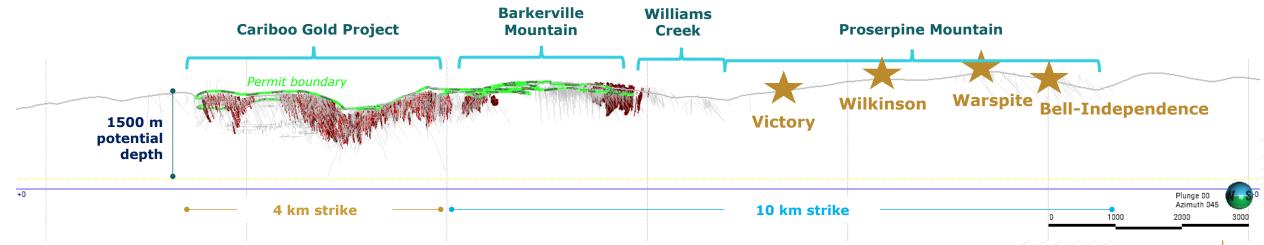
IMMEDIATE EXPLORATION UPSIDE AT CARIBOO



14 km trend from Mosquito Creek to Proserpine has exploration potential down to 1500m depth

- ▶ The sandstone unit hosting the CGP mineral resources was mapped and modelled and is believed to be continuous along the entire 14 km trend
- Cariboo Deep Assay highlights:
 - **18.5 g/t Au over 21m** at 540m vertical below surface (IM-17-191)¹
 - **14.8 g/t Au over 12m** at 430m vertical below surface (CM-17-084)²
 - **13.52 g/t Au over 6m** at 370m vertical below surface (CM-18-148)³
- ▶ Drilling on Proserpine Mountain in 2019 (2,675 meters in 6 holes) intersected 17.78 g/t Au over 5.60 meters including 112 g/t over 0.60 m, 26.08 g/t over 3.00 m including 84.90 g/t over 0.90 m⁴
 - 2,917 m drilled in 5 holes intersected **7.96 g/t over 9.0 m**, including 19.15 g/t over 0.60 m⁵
- ▶ The scale of these prospects could potentially host a deposit similar to the CGP



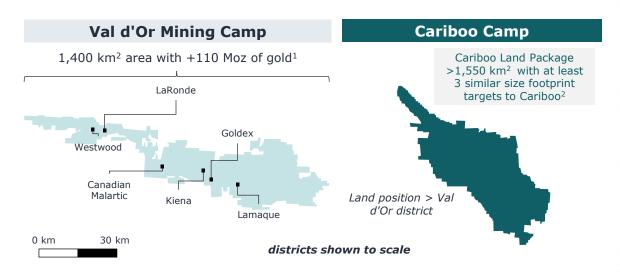


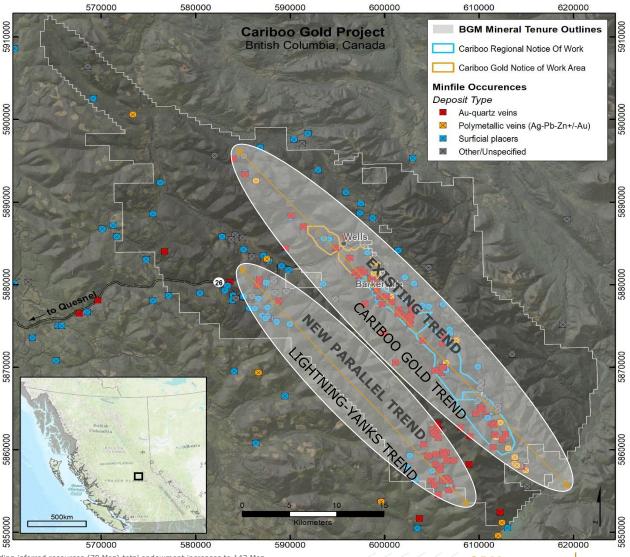
DEVELOPING A MINING CAMP



Cariboo hosts two main trends over 83 km in combined strike length

- District-scale exploration upside in under-explored Cariboo Gold Belt
- High degree of confidence in geological model with anomalous gold values >2.0 g/t Au in ~80% of drill holes
- >185,000 ha property with 83 kilometers strike of gold targets
- ~700,000 meters drilled since 2016
- Strong support from the BC government
- Year-round exploration and access, infrastructure and work force





^{1.} Source: DigiGeodata as at Dec 31, 2019. Total gold endowment includes historical production (73 Moz), reserves (19 Moz), and M&I resources (21 Moz). Including inferred resources (70 Moz) total endowment increases to 143 Moz.

2. Total land package of ~1,900 km² over all claims, including those around QR mill



TINTIC PROJECT

Utah, USA 100% Ownership





TINTIC PROJECT: ASSET SNAPSHOT

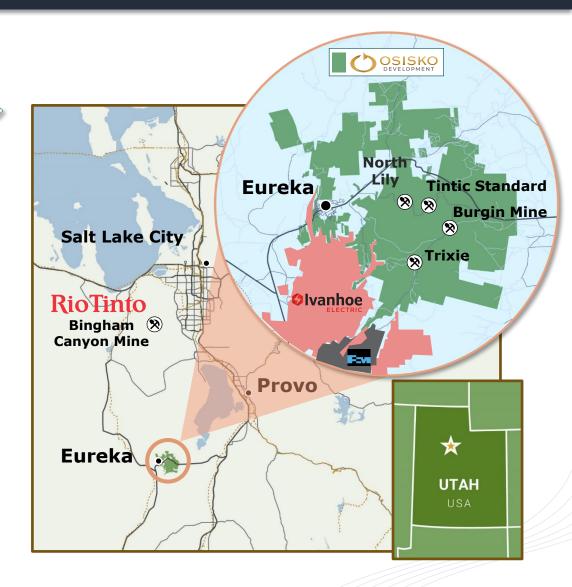


Highly Productive Historical Mining District

OWNERSHIP	LOCATION / LAND PACKAGE	MINE TYPE	METALS	STAGE	
100% ODV	Utah, USA >20,500 acres of largely patented claims ¹	Underground	Gold, Silver Cu, Pb, Zn	Trixie MRE (Q1 2024)	

- Located 95 km south of Salt Lake City, Utah, ~65 km from the prolific Bingham Canyon copper mine, one of the largest operating open pit mines globally
- Fast-tracking Trixie while advancing other prospective exploration targets, including high quality porphyry, epithermal and CRD targets
- Second largest metal producing district in Utah following Bingham, with 23 past-producing mines located within Tintic property
- **Upcoming catalysts:** 2024 Trixie MRE (Q1 2024) **③**; Decline to Trixie main level (complete) **③**; Surface porphyry drilling²; Advancing technical work

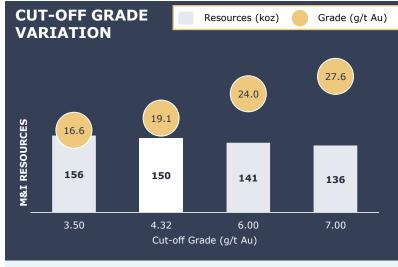




TRIXIE INITIAL MINERAL RESOURCE ESTIMATE ("MRE")¹



RESOURCE	TONNES METAL GR		GRADE	RADE CONTAINED M	
CATEGORY	(000's)	(g/t Au)	(g/t Ag)	(000's oz Au)	(000's oz Ag)
MEASURED	120	27.36	61.73	105	238
INDICATED	125	11.17	59.89	45	240
MEASURED & INDICATED	245	19.11	60.80	150	478
INFERRED	202	7.80	48.55	51	315



Deposit reasonably stable to COG variation

HIGH-GRADE DEPOSIT

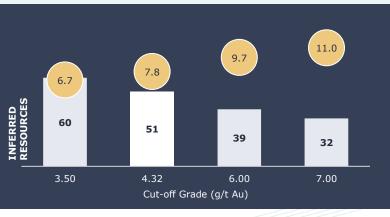
MRE comprises small footprint (440 m length x 60 m width x 195 m depth)¹

MEANINGFUL UPSIDE

~10% of the main Trixie area explored to date

+57% MEASURED RESOURCES

Contained gold ounces in measured resources increased to 105 koz vs. 2023 Trixie MRE



TRIXIE UG RAMP DEVELOPMENT: 100% COMPLETE



RAMP DEVELOPMENT: ~1,390 M (4,550 ft.)

- **▼** Complete as of September 2023
- Enables bulk extraction at higher tonnage by providing underground access to a modern, mechanized fleet
- Accelerates potential development and exploration activities at lower levels
- Decline size 16x16 ft. (5x5 m), with muckbays excavated every 300 ft. (100 m) potential to use for UG exploration platforms

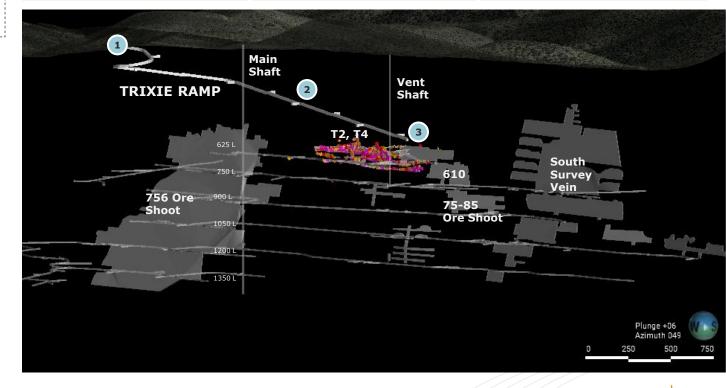






3 Historic Mineralized Zones Open at Depth and Strike

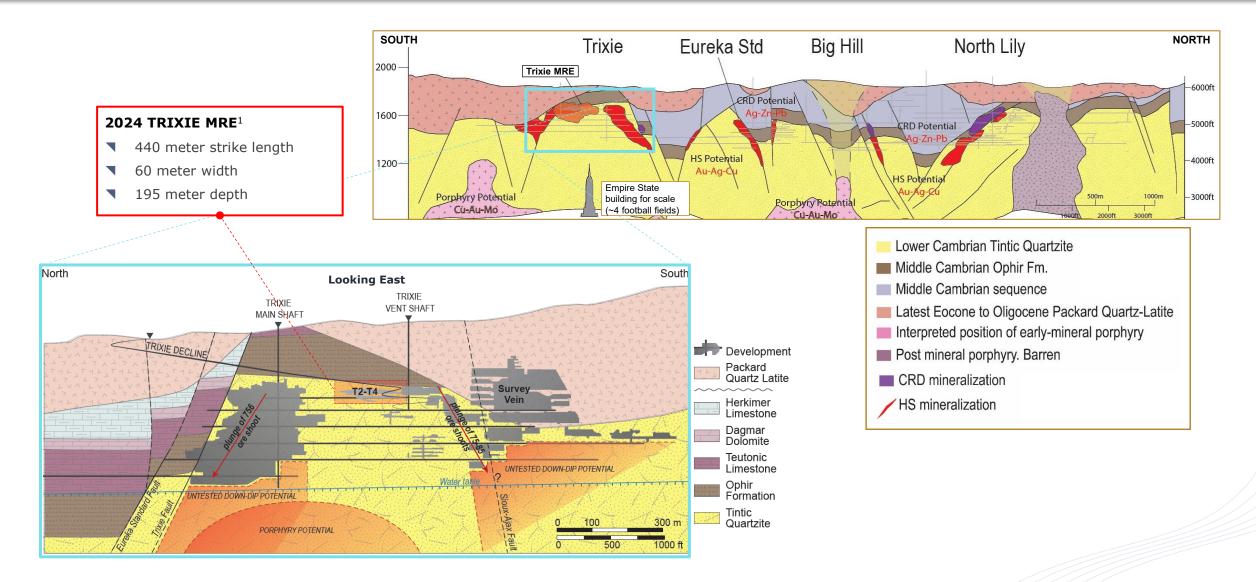
	756 ORE SHOOT	610 ORE SHOOT	SOUTH SURVEY VEIN
•	Developed over 900 ft. (275 m) strike and 1,000 ft. (300	▼ Focus of 2001-2002 mining activity	■ Mined by Kennecott in the 1980's
•	m) vertical Mined for flux by Kennecott	Mined down to the 1,200 ft. level	Extends for 3,400 ft. (1,030 m) south of the main shaft
-	Average grades 6 to 8 g/t Au ¹	■ Average grades 21 g/t Au¹	



TRIXIE EXPLORATION POTENTIAL







DRILLING AND CHIP SAMPLING HIGHLIGHTS

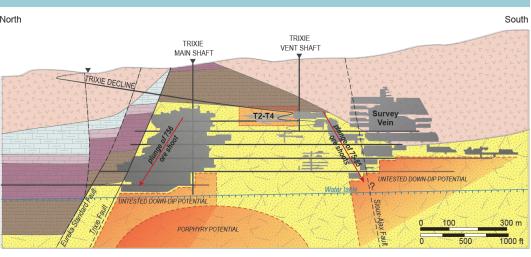


Completed a total of 6,028 m (19,776 ft) of Trixie exploration and delineation drilling in 2023

Select Chin Sampling

- In 2023, the Company completed a total of 6,028 m (19,776 ft) of underground drilling in 73 diamond drill holes at Trixie. Assays were finalized up to hole TRXU-DD-23-069 and were included in the 2024 Trixie MRE
- The new drilling, mapping and historical data compilation improved the interpretation and revealed significant potential for parallel high-grade gold fissure zones similar to T2 adjacent to existing mine development
- Much of the Trixie area remains unexplored

Trixie Underground Long Section



Select Chip Sampling						
HOLE ID	WIDTH	GRADI	E (g/t)			
(CH)	(m)	SILVER	GOLD			
11871	0.73	209.8	1,017.0			
11801	0.55	-	4,186.5			
1163 ¹	0.61	6,699.0	5,197.8			
11141	1.52	1,224.9	1,553.1			
including	0.82	2,263.4	2,873.1			
1110 ¹	2.07	316.0	2,800.1			
including	1.22	528.9	4,757.4			
11051	0.40	102.4	1,769.3			
11021	0.37	1,560.0	2,202.9			
10111	0.55	911.1	2,352.2			
10071	1.01	2,546.1	1,381.6			
1351 ²	2.29	1,146.5	2,311.2			
1256 ²	0.91	78.7	3,901.3			
1326 ²	0.82	1,587.6	3,419.9			

Select Drilling			
HOLE ID	WIDTH (m)	GRADE (g/t)	
		SILVER	GOLD
TUG-625-029 ²	3.81	21.48	25.95
Including	1.52	41.80	43.00
TUG-625-060 ²	5.33	439.26	12.58
TUG-625-065 ²	1.22	511.00	264.00
TUG-625-069 ²	1.22	84.30	65.50
Including	0.30	246.00	231.00
TUG-625-087 ³	6.25	404.19	28.72
TUG-625-086 ³	4.57	96.98	27.26
TUG-625-037 ⁴	2.44	90.24	53.27
TUG-625-036 ⁴	3.35	30.89	36.81
TRXU-DD-23-003 ⁵	6.86	231.46	62.82
TRXU-DD-23-072A ⁶	8.99	167.64	66.04
Including	0.46	1,523.00	610.00
TRXU-DD-23-0686	9.45	151.04	23.89

EAST TINTIC REGIONAL EXPLORATION POTENTIAL







High-Sulphidation Epithermal Au-Ag

Epithermal vein / breccia systems hosted primarily within the basal Tintic Quartzite host rock, found at the Trixie, Eureka Standard and the deeper levels of North Lily mines



Carbonate Replacement ("CRD") Ag-Pb-Zn

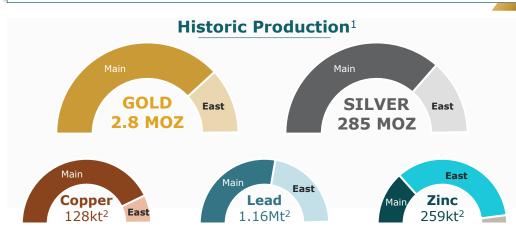
Replacement of reactive limestone more distal from causative porphyry centers on the margins of district

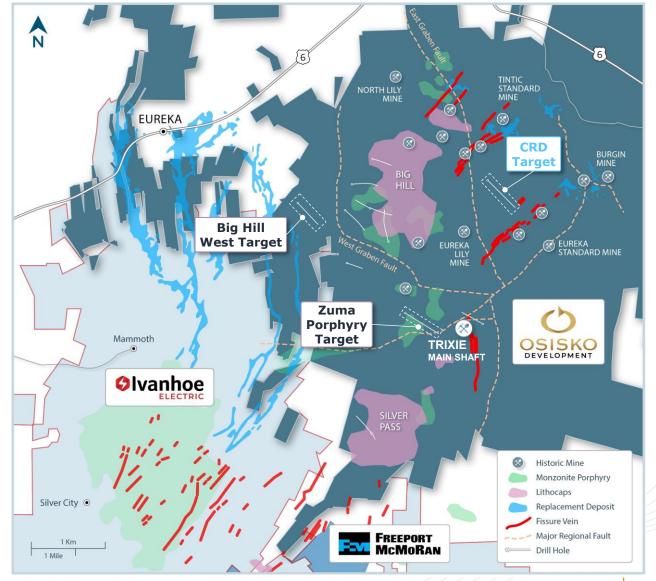
Accounts for most historical production within Tintic, including Burgin, Tintic Standard, and North Lily mines

PORPHYRY Cu-Au-Mo POTENTIAL



Advanced argillic alteration in a NNE trend of remnant **lithocaps** potentially marks a lineament of porphyry centers at depth. Historic drill testing intersected low grade porphyry mineralization







SAN ANTONIO PROJECT

Sonora, Mexico 100% Ownership



SAN ANTONIO PROJECT: ASSET SNAPSHOT





Asset Highlights

- **Located 160 km from airport and towns of Hermosillo and Obregon in mining-friendly Sonora**
- Constructed a heap leach pad and a carbon in column plant at the end of 2021 to process stockpiled mineralized material
 - 1.1 Mt stockpile grading 0.58 g/t Au placed on the leach pad
 - 13,591 ounces sold as at Sep 30, 2023 (complete)
- Gold mineralization identified over 10 km strike
- Mine infrastructure and water on site
- Awaiting next steps from the Mexican government on permitting
- **Under strategic review,** including potential for a financial or strategic partner in the asset or for a full or partial sale of the asset

Mineral Resources¹

MATERIAL		INDICATED		INFERRED			
MATERIAL	Tonnes	Grade	Contained	Tonnes	Grade	Contained	
	(Mt)	(g/t Au)	(koz Au)	(Mt)	(g/t Au)	(koz Au)	
Oxide	2.7	0.89	77	4.6	0.74	111	
Transitional	1.8	1.02	59	2.1	0.9	61	
Sulfide	10.4	1.31	441	9.8	1.18	371	
TOTAL	14.9	1.20	577	16.5	1.02	543	



APPENDIX

EXPERIENCED LEADERSHIP TEAM



SEAN ROOSEN, CHAIR & CEO

- Founding member of Osisko Mining Corporation (2003-2014)
- Responsible for developing the strategic plan for the discovery, financing and development of the Canadian Malartic Mine
- Led the efforts for the maximization of shareholders' value in the sale of Osisko Mining Corporation, that resulted in the creation of Osisko Gold Royalties
- Former Chairman of Osisko Mining Corp. partner in the development of Windfall

CHRIS LODDER, PRESIDENT

- 30 years' experience working on and managing Greenfields exploration, Brownfields exploration, and mine development
- Led teams responsible for discoveries of 34+ Moz of gold
- President and CEO of Barkerville Gold Mines until its acquisition by Osisko Gold Royalties in 2019

ALEXANDER DANN, CFO, CPA

- 25 years of experience leading finance operations and strategic planning for companies in the mining and manufacturing sectors
- He obtained his Chartered Accountant designation in 1995, and holds a Bachelor degree in Business Administration from L'Universite Laval in Quebec

DAVID ROULEAU, VICE PRESIDENT, PROJECT DEVELOPMENT

- Seasoned executive with +35 years of operational and management experience in the mining industry across projects and operations.
 Served as VP Mine Optimization and Strategic Planning at Victoria Gold overseeing the Brewery Creek Project and other strategic initiatives
- VP of Operations for Barkerville Gold Mines (2016-2018); Taseko Mines (2010-2016); and spent 17 years with Teck Cominco
- Holds a BSc in Mine Engineering (South Dakota School of Mines) and a Mine Technology Diploma (Haileybury School of Mines)

LAURENCE FARMER, GENERAL COUNSEL & VP STRATEGIC DEVELOPMENT

- Over 10 years of experience in investment banking & corporate law with RBC Capital Markets and Norton Rose Fulbright LLP
- Previously Senior Counsel of Osisko Gold Royalties

PHILIP RABENOK, VICE PRESIDENT, INVESTOR RELATIONS, CFA

- Over 10 years of transactional, capital markets, and corporate experience in the resources sector, most recently in an Investor Relations role at IAMGOLD Corp.
- Previously worked in mining investment banking and equity research at Société Générale and Scotiabank

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

- Sean Roosen (Executive Chair)
- Charles Page
- Michèle McCarthy
- Duncan Middlemiss
- David Danziger
- Stephen Quin
- Susan Craig

RESPONSIBLE MINE DEVELOPMENT



Committed to responsible mining practices, strong relationships, and mutual support with all partners

DEVELOPMEN

ENVIRONMENT

- Osisko Development constructed two water treatment plants to treat contact water and effluent
- Permitting of the Reclamation Closure Plan for Mosquito Creek is underway
- Open and transparent dialogue with the Ministry of Mines and Critical Minerals and Ministry of Environment and Parks

INDIGENOUS NATIONS



- Participation agreement sign with the Williams Lake First Nation in July 2022
- The Company is working towards an agreement with the Xatśūll First Nation, with whom it continues to engage and consult

PERMITTING

- Positive permitting climate in central BC given dearth of well-paying jobs from logging industry slowdown
- Completed the EA Application Review in January 2022
- Environmental Assessment Certificate granted in October 2023
- Mines Act permits granted in November 2024,
 Environmental Management Act permits granted in December 2024

COMMUNITY



- Actively involved in the Wells community
- Provided funding to local organizations in support of various initiatives, including: Wells Community Foundation; Island Mountain Arts; Wells and Area Community Association and others
- Involved in the various activities in the Barkerville Historic Town (initiated the collection of funds in support of the development of an underground mining exhibit)

CARIBOO 2025 FEASIBILITY STUDY METRICS



Cariboo Gold 2025 FS – Project Operating and	Financial Metrics	
Assumptions	units	2025 FS
Gold price	US\$/oz	2,400
Exchange rate	USDCAD	1.35
Discount rate	%	5.0%
Production		
Mine life	yrs	10.0
Total ore mined	kt	17,815
Peak annual throughput	tpd	4,900
Average gold head grade	g/t Au	3.62
Total contained gold	koz	2,071
Avg. gold recovery	%	92.6%
Total recovered gold, payable	koz	1,894
Avg. gold production, LOM	koz/yr	190
Avg. gold production, first 5 yrs	koz/yr	202
Operating Unit Costs		
Underground mining	\$/t mined	62.3
Processing	\$/t mined	23.2
Water and waste management	\$/t mined	5.0
Electrical transmission line	\$/t mined	4.9
General and administrative	\$/t mined	15.4
Total unit operating costs	\$/t mined	110.7
Total operating costs	\$ mm	1,921
Royalty payments	\$ mm	292
Offsite charges	\$ mm	143
Operating Costs		
Total cash costs ²	US\$/oz	\$947
AISC ²	US\$/oz	\$1,157
Capital Expenditures		
Initial costs	\$ mm	881
Expansion costs	\$ mm	_
Sustaining costs	\$ mm	426
Closure costs, net ³	\$ mm	99
Total capex	\$ mm	1,406
Economics (after-tax)		
Total free cash flow, LOM ²	\$ mm	1,577
Net Present Value (NPV5%)	\$ mm	943
Internal Rate of Return (IRR)	%	22.1%
Payback, from commercial production	yrs	2.8
Average free cash flow, first 5 yrs ²	\$ mm	296
Average free cash flow, LOM ²	\$ mm	158

Metric	Total LOM	Unit Cost	Unit Cost	Split	
	(\$ mm)	(\$/t mined)	(US\$/oz)	(%)	
Mining	1,080	62.25	434	56%	
Processing	403	23.21	162	21%	
Water and waste management	86	4.97	35	4%	
Electrical transmission line	86	4.93	34	4%	
General and administrative	266	15.36	107	14%	
Total site operating costs	1,921	110.73	772	100%	

Metric	Total LOM	Unit Cost
	(\$ mm)	(US\$/oz)
Total site operating costs	1,921	772
Royalties	292	117
Transport and refining costs	143	58
Total cash costs ¹	2,356	947
Sustaining costs, LOM	426	171
Equipment salvage value	(36)	(14)
Reclamation and closure costs	135	54
All-in sustaining costs ¹	2,881	1,157

1. Total cash costs and all-in sustaining costs per ounce are non-IFRS ratios. Refer to "Non-IFRS Financial Measures" for more information.

Item (\$ mm)	Initial CAPEX	Sustaining CAPEX	Total CAPEX
Underground mine	313	397	710
Water & waste management	98	24	123
Power & electrical	19	_	19
Surface infrastructure	42	1	43
Process plant – Mine Site Complex	180	_	180
Construction indirects	95	_	95
Contingency (16.5%)	72	4	76
Capital costs	819	426	1,246
Pre-production net revenue	(150)	_	(150)
Pre-production operating costs	212	_	212
Equipment salvage value	_	(36)	(36)
Reclamation and closure costs	_	135	135
Total capital costs	881	525	1,406

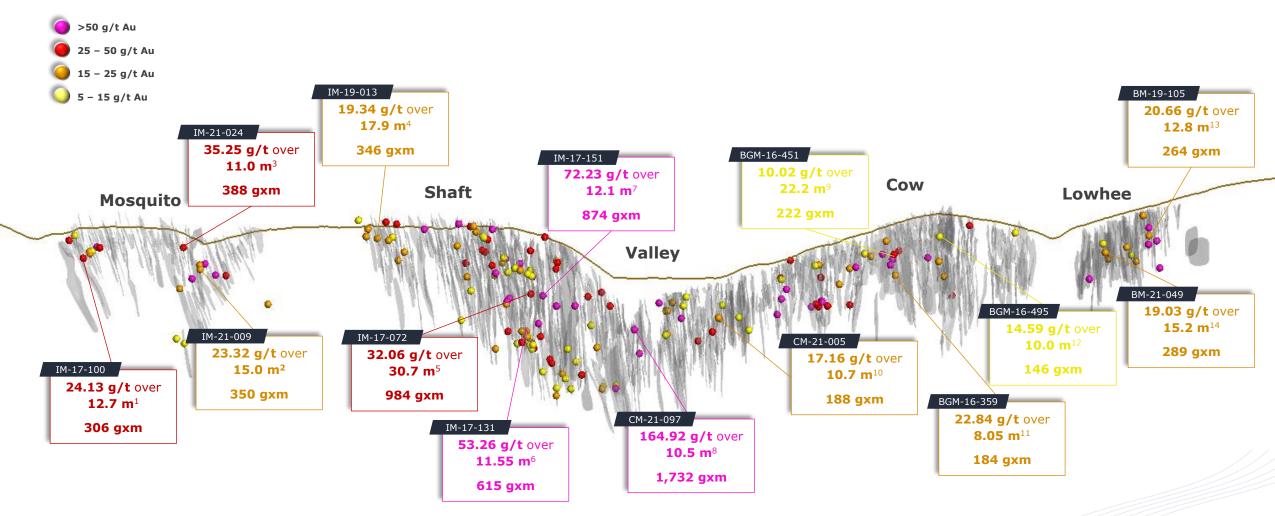
^{1.} Pre-final investment decision capital costs total \$38.6 million.

^{1.} Total may not add up due to rounding. 2. Cash costs, all-in sustaining costs per ounce and free cash flow are non-IFRS measures or ratios. Refer to "Non-IFRS Financial Measures" for more information. Total cash costs are presented on a per ounce payable basis inclusive of total operating costs mining costs, processing costs, processing costs, site G&A costs, royalties, smelting, refining, and transports costs. AISC are presented on a per ounce payable basis and include cash costs plus sustaining and closure costs. 3. Closure costs are shown net of salvage value. 4. Pre-final investment decision capital costs total \$33.6 million.

CARIBOO SELECT HIGH GRADE DRILL RESULTS



High-grade intercepts are consistently present throughout the entire deposit



 $gxm = grade(g/t) \times length(m)$

1. Refer to BGM news release dated May 25, 2017 (BGM Intersects 24.13 g/t Au Over 12.70 Metres at Mosquito Creek). 2. Refer to ODV news release dated Jun 2, 2021 (ODV Intersects 23.32 g/t Over 15.0 m on Island Mountain at Cariboo and Announces the Grant of Replacement Restricted Share Units). 3. Refer to BGM news release dated May 6, 2021 (ODV Intersects 35.25 g/t Gold Over 11.0 Metres On Island Mountain At Cariboo). 4. Refer to BGM news release dated March 26, 2019 (BGM Expands Mineralization by 175 Metres at Island Mountain). 5. Refer to BGM news release dated April 17, 2017 (BGM Intersects 19.20 g/t Au over 28.55 metres at Shaft Zone). 6. Refer to BGM news release dated April 17, 2017 (BGM Intersects 19.00 g/t Au over 28.55 metres at Shaft Zone). 7. Refer to BGM news release dated Jun 1, 2022 (DDV Intersects 164.92 g/t Gold over 10.50 metres at Cariboo Gold Project, Valley Zone). 9. Refer to BGM news release dated Jun 1, 2022 (DDV Intersects 164.92 g/t Gold over 10.50 metres at Cariboo Gold Project, Valley Zone). 9. Refer to BGM news release dated Jun 2, 2021 (DV Intersects 164.92 g/t Gold over 10.70 Metres In cow Mountain Phase I Drilling). 10. Refer to DDV news release dated Jun 2, 2021 (DDV Intersects 17.16 g/t Gold Over 10.70 Metres at Valley Zone at Cariboo and Announces Annual Grant of Stock Options and RSUs to Officers). 11. Refer to BGM news release dated Jun 2, 2021 (DDV Intersects 17.16 g/t Gold Over 10.70 Metres at Valley Zone at Cariboo Gold Project, Valley Zone). 11. Refer to BGM news release dated Jun 2, 2021 (DDV Intersects 17.16 g/t Gold Over 10.70 Metres Inter

ODV NYSE TSXV osiskodev.com

CARIBOO MINERAL RESERVES & RESOURCES

(Measured and Indicated Resources are exclusive of Mineral Reserves)



Mineral R&R	Prob	able Reserv	/es	Meası	ıred Resou	rces	Indica	ited Resou	rces	Infer	red Resour	ces
Deposit	Tonnes (000's)	Grade (g/t Au)	Ounces (koz Au)	Tonnes (000's)	Grade (g/t Au)	Ounces (koz Au)	Tonnes (000's)	Grade (g/t Au)	Ounces (koz Au)	Tonnes (000's)	Grade (g/t Au)	Ounces (koz Au)
Bonanza Ledge	_	_	_	47	5.06	8	32	4.02	4	_	_	_
BC Vein	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,057	3.00	102	596	3.17	61
KL	_	_	_	_	_	_	527	2.80	47	2,514	2.53	205
Lowhee	923	3.52	104	_	_	_	1,333	2.76	118	486	3.01	47
Mosquito	1,105	3.94	140	_	_	_	1,553	2.96	148	1,883	3.08	186
Shaft	8,548	3.72	1,022	_	_	_	6,121	2.92	575	7,457	3.44	826
Valley	3,239	3.59	374	-	_	_	2,718	2.70	236	2,470	3.01	239
Cow	4,000	3.35	431	_	_	_	3,991	2.91	374	3,368	2.78	301
Total Reserves / Resources	17,815	3.62	2,071	47	5.06	8	17,332	2.88	1,604	18,774	3.09	1,864

- Totals may not add up due to rounding
- The Mineral Reserve estimate follows the 2014 CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Reserves and the 2019 CIM Estimation of Mineral Resources and Mineral Resources Best Practice Guidelines.
- Mineral Reserves used the following assumptions: US\$1,915/oz gold price, USD:CAD exchange rate of 1.32, and variable cut-off value from 1.70 g/t to 2.0 g/t Au
- Mineral Reserves include both internal and external dilution along with mining recovery. The external dilution is estimated to be 10.1%. The average mining recovery factor was set at 91.3% to account for ore left in each block in the margins of the deposit.

MINERAL RESOURCES

- The independent and qualified persons for the Mineral Resources estimates, as defined by NI 43-101, are Carl Pelletier, P.Geo., and Tessa Scott, P.Geo. (Norda Stelo). The effective date of the 2025 FS Mineral Resource Estimate is April 22, 2025.
- These Mineral Resources, exclusive of the reserves, are not Mineral Reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability.

 The Mineral Resources estimate follows the 2014 CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Reserves and the 2019 CIM Estimation of Mineral Resources and Mineral Resources.
- A total of 481 yein zones were modelled for the Cow Mountain (Cow and Valley). Island Mountain (BC Vein, KL, and Lowhee) deposits and one gold zone for Bonanza Ledge, A minimum true thickness of 2.0 m was applied, using the gold grade of the adjacent material when assayed or a value of zero when not assayed.
- The estimate is reported for a potential underground scenario at a cut-off grade of 1.8 g/t Au, except for Bonanza Ledge at a cut-off grade for the Cow, Valley, Shaft, Mosquito, BC Vein, KL, and Lowhee deposits was calculated using a gold price of US\$2,400/oz; a USDCAD exchange rate of 1.35; an underground mining cost of \$66.3/t; a processing and transport cost of \$30.80/t; a G&A plus Environmental cost of \$22.40/t; and a sustaining CAPEX cost of \$45.6/t. No changes have been applied for the Bonanza Ledge. The cut-off grade for the Bonanza Ledge deposit was calculated using a gold price of US\$1,700/oz; a USDCAD exchange rate of 1.27; an underground mining cost of \$79.13/t; a processing and transport cost of \$65.00/t; and a G&A plus Environmental cost of \$51.65/t. The cut-off grades may be re-evaluated in light of future prevailing market conditions (metal prices, exchange rate, mining cost, etc.).
- Density values for Cow, Shaft, Lowhee, and BC Vein were estimated using the ID2 interpolation method, with a value applied for Velne, and BC Vein were estimated using the ID2 interpolation method, with a value applied for Valley (2.81 q/cm3), Mosquito (2.79 g/cm3), and KL (2.81 g/cm3). A density of 3.20 g/cm3 was applied for Bonanza Ledge.
- A four-step capping procedure was applied to composited data for Cow (3.0 m), Valley (1.5 m), Shaft (2.0 m), Mosquito (2.5 m), BC Vein (2.0 m), Mosquito (2.5 m), BC Vein (2.0 m), Was a four-step capping procedure was applied to composited data for Cow (3.0 m), Valley (1.5 m), Shaft (2.0 m), Mosquito (2.5 m), BC Vein (2.0 m), Was a four-step capping procedure was applied to composited data for Cow (3.0 m), Valley (1.5 m), Shaft (2.0 m), Mosquito (2.5 m), BC Vein (2.0 m), Was a four-step capping procedure was applied to composite data for Cow (3.0 m), Valley (1.5 m), Shaft (2.0 m), Was a four-step capping procedure was applied to composite data for Cow (3.0 m), Valley (1.5 m), Shaft (2.0 m), Was a four-step capping procedure was applied to composite data for Cow (3.0 m), Valley (1.5 m), Shaft (2.0 m), Was a four-step capping procedure was applied to composite data for Cow (3.0 m), Valley (1.5 m), Shaft (2.0 m), Was a four-step capping procedure was applied to composite data for Cow (3.0 m), Valley (1.5 m), Shaft (2.0 m), Was a four-step capping procedure was applied to composite data for Cow (3.0 m), Was a four-step capping procedure was applied to composite data for Cow (3.0 m), Was a four-step capping procedure was applied to composite data for Cow (3.0 m), Was a four-step capping procedure was applied to composite data for Cow (3.0 m), Was a four-step capping procedure was applied to composite data for Cow (3.0 m), Was a four-step capping procedure was a four-step capping proc High grades at Bonanza Ledge were capped at 70 g/t Au on 2.0 m composited data.
- The gold Mineral Resources for the Cow, Valley, Shaft, Mosquito, BC Vein, KL, and Lowhee vein zones were estimated using Datamine StudioTM RM 1.9 software using hard boundaries on composited assays. The dilution halo gold mineralization was estimated using Datamine StudioTM RM Pro 1.11. The OK method was used to interpolate a sub-blocked model (parent block size = 5 m x 5 m). Mineral Resources for Bonanza Ledge were estimated using GEOVIA GEMSTM 6.7 software using hard boundaries on composited assays. The OK method was used to interpolate a block model (block size = 2 m x 2 m
- Results are presented in situ. Ounce (troy) = metric tons x grade / 31.10348. Calculations used metric units (metres, tonnes, g/t). The number of tonnes were rounded to the nearest thousand. Any discrepancies in the totals are due to rounding effects. Rounding followed the recommendations as per NI 43-
- The qualified persons responsible for this section of the technical report are not aware of any environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-economic, marketing, political, or other relevant factors that could materially affect the Mineral Resource estimate other than those disclosed in this news release and in the Technical Report.

SAN ANTONIO MINERAL RESOURCES



DEDOCIT	CATECORY	TONNES	GRADE	: (g/t)	CONTAINED METAL		
DEPOSIT	CATEGORY	(Mt)	SILVER	GOLD	SILVER (Moz)	GOLD (koz)	
CALIFORNIA	Indicated	3.9	2.5	1.22	0.31	153	
CALIFORNIA	Inferred	1.6	3.3	1.10	0.17	58	
	Indicated	5.7	2.5	1.44	0.46	262	
GOLFO DE ORO	Inferred	6.4	2.5	1.24	0.52	254	
	Indicated	_	-	-	_	-	
HIGH LIFE	Inferred	0.8	4.9	0.83	0.13	22	
CARLICUT	Indicated	5.4	3.5	0.93	0.61	162	
SAPUCHI	Inferred	7.6	3.8	0.85	0.94	208	
CALVARIO	Indicated	-	-	-	-	-	
CALVARIO	Inferred	0.1	0.0	0.53	-	2	
TOTAL	Indicated	14.9	2.9	1.20	1.37	576	
TOTAL	Inferred	16.6	3.3	1.02	1.76	544	

2024 TRIXIE MINERAL RESOURCES ESTIMATE



DOMAIN	CATEGORY	TONNES	GRADE (AU G/T)	CONTAINED GOLD (OZ)	GRADE (AG G/T)	CONTAINED SILVER (OZ)
	Measured	22,678	106.27	77,484	115.99	84,572
Т2	Indicated	11,939	23.19	8,902	51.07	19,602
12	M+I	34,617	77.62	86,387	93.60	104,173
	Inferred	1,996	9.82	630	61.38	3,938
	Measured	2,385	9.46	725	75.34	5,776
Т3	Indicated	970	5.47	171	57.32	1,787
13	M+I	3,355	8.30	896	70.13	7,564
	Inferred	139	6.27	28	63.14	282
	Measured	94,784	8.93	27,227	48.41	147,520
T4 + Wild Cat + 40	Indicated	51,827	6.48	10,795	37.59	62,637
FLT	M+I	146,611	8.07	38,023	44.58	210,156
	Inferred	104,676	6.57	22,127	38.57	129,792
	Measured	-	-	-	-	_
75-85	Indicated	60,008	12.93	24,943	80.95	156,185
75-65	M+I	60,008	12.93	24,943	80.95	156,185
	Inferred	94,793	9.12	27,784	59.28	180,666
	Measured	119,847	27.36	105,437	61.73	237,868
TOTAL	Indicated	124,743	11.17	44,811	59.89	240,211
TOTAL	M+I	244,590	19.11	150,248	60.80	478,078
	Inferred	201,603	7.80	50,569	48.55	314,678
			<u> </u>	101001		

NOTES

US\$23/oz and metallurgical silver recovery of 45%.

US\$2502 and intelliging can silver recovery 01-576.
The 2024 Trixie MRE is comprised of six zones within the greater Trixie area: T2, T3, T4, Wild Cat, 40 Fault and 75-85.

Average bulk density values in the mineralized domains were assigned to the T2 (2.955 T/m3), T3 (2.638 T/m3), T4(2.618 T/m3), Wild Cat, and 40 Fault (2.621 T/m3), and 75-85 (2.617 T/m3) domains.

Any discrepancies in the totals are due to rounding effects. Neither the Company nor Micro International Limited is aware of any known environmental, permitting, legal, title-related, taxation, socio-political, marketing or other relevant issue that could materially affect the mineral resource estimate other than disclosed in this news release.

Technical information differs from similar information made public by U.S. companies subject to the reporting and disclosure requirements of the U.S. Securities

and Exchange Commission, Refer to "Cautionary Statement to U.S. Investors".

Effective date of the 2024 Trixie MRE is March 14, 2024.
Each of Mr. William Lewis, P.Geo., of Micon International Limited and Alan J. San Martin, MAusIMM(CP), of Micon International Limited (i) has reviewed and validated the 2024 Trixie MRE, (ii) is considered to be independent of the Company for purposes of Section 1.5 of NI 43-101, and (iii) is a "qualified person" within

The mineral resources were estimated using the Canadian Institute of Mining ("CIM"), Metallurgy and Petroleum's "CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves" adopted by the CIM council.

and Mineral Reserves" adopted by the CIM council.

Mineral resources are reported when they are within potentially mineable shapes derived from a stope optimizer algorithm, assuming an underground longhole stoping mining method with stopes of 6.1 m x 6.1 m x minimum 1.5 m dimensions.

Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability.

Geologic modelling was completed by Osisko Development modeling geologist Jody Laing, P.Geo, using Leapfrog Geo software. The 2024 Trixie MRE was completed by Osisko Development chief resource geologist, Daniel Downton, P.Geo using Datamine Studio RM 2.0 software. William Lewis and Alan J. San Martin of Micon International Limited independently reviewed and validated the mineral resource model.

The estimate is reported for an underground mining scenario and with USD assumptions. The cut-off grade of 4.32 g/t Au was calculated using a gold price of US\$1,750/oz, a CAD:USD exchange rate of 1.30; total mining, processing and G&A costs of US\$168.04/imperial ton; a refining cost of US\$2.65/ounce; a combined royalty of 4.50%; and an average metallurgical gold recovery of 80%.

The stope optimizer algorithm evaluated the resources based on a gold equivalent grade which incorporates the silver grade estimate and assumes a silver price of



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